

4GB THGBMNG5D1LBAIL

INTRODUCTION

THGBMNG5D1LBAIL is 4GB density of e-MMC Module product housed in 153 ball BGA package. This unit is utilized advanced TOSHIBA NAND flash device(s) and controller chip assembled as Multi Chip Module. THGBMNG5D1LBAIL has an industry standard MMC protocol for easy use.

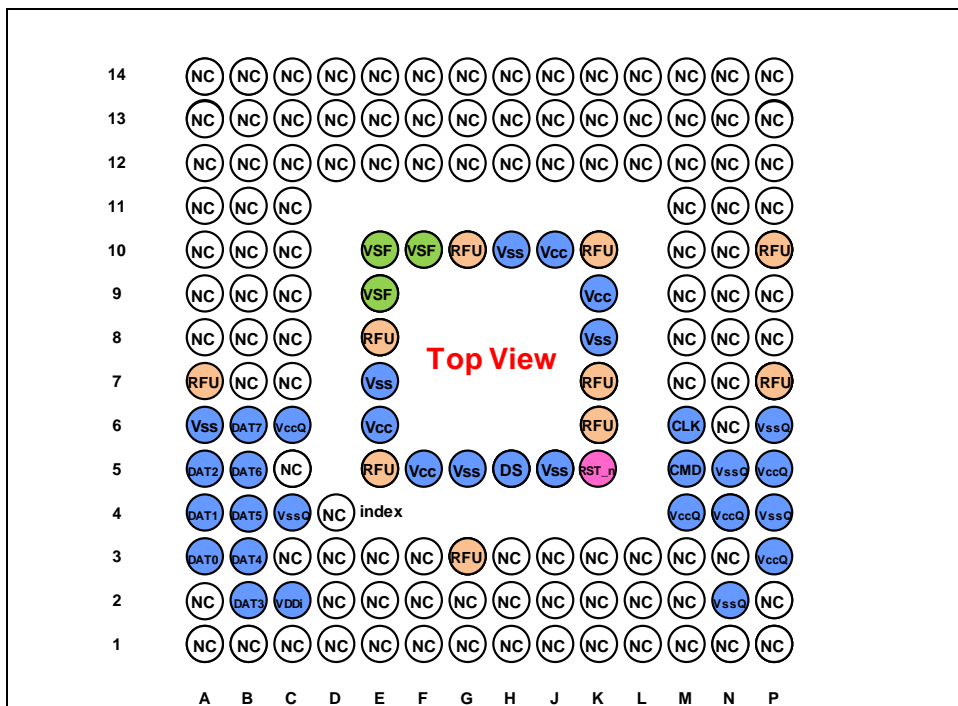
FEATURES

THGBMNG5D1LBAIL Interface

THGBMNG5D1LBAIL has the JEDEC/MMCA Version 5.0 interface with 1-I/O, 4-I/O and 8-I/O mode.

Pin Connection

P-WFBGA153-1113-0.50 (11.5mm x 13mm, H0.8mm max. package)



| Pin Number | Name | Pin Number | Name | Pin Number | Name | Pin Number | Name |
|------------|------|------------|------|------------|-------|------------|------|
| A3 | DAT0 | C2 | VDDi | J5 | Vss | N4 | VccQ |
| A4 | DAT1 | C4 | VssQ | J10 | Vcc | N5 | VssQ |
| A5 | DAT2 | C6 | VccQ | K5 | RST_n | P3 | VccQ |
| A6 | Vss | E6 | Vcc | K8 | Vss | P4 | VssQ |
| B2 | DAT3 | E7 | Vss | K9 | Vcc | P5 | VccQ |
| B3 | DAT4 | F5 | Vcc | M4 | VccQ | P6 | VssQ |
| B4 | DAT5 | G5 | Vss | M5 | CMD | | |
| B5 | DAT6 | H5 | DS | M6 | CLK | | |
| B6 | DAT7 | H10 | Vss | N2 | VssQ | | |

NC: No Connect, shall be connected to ground or left floating.

RFU: Reserved for Future Use, shall be left floating for future use.

VSF: Vendor Specific Function, shall be left floating.

Part Numbers

Available e-MMC Module Products – Part Numbers

| TOSHIBA Part Number | Density | Package Size | NAND Flash Type | Weight |
|---------------------|---------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| THGBMNG5D1LBAIL | 4GB | 11.5mm x 13mm x 0.8mm(max) | 1 x 32Gbit 15nm | 0.18g typ |

Operating Temperature

-25°C to +85°C

Storage Temperature

-40°C to +85°C

Performance

X8 mode/ Sequential access

| TOSHIBA Part Number | Density | NAND Flash Type | Interleave Operation | Frequency /Mode | VccQ | Typ. Performance [MB/sec] | | |
|---------------------|---------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------------------|-------|----|
| | | | | | | Read | Write | |
| THGBMNG5D1LBAIL | 4GB | 1 x 32Gbit 15nm | Non Interleave | 52MHz/SDR | 1.8V | 46 | 14 | |
| | | | | | 3.3V | 46 | 14 | |
| | | | | | 52MHz/DDR | 1.8V | 88 | 14 |
| | | | | | | 3.3V | 88 | 14 |
| | | | | HS200 | 1.8V | 152 | 14 | |
| | | | | | 1.8V | 152 | 14 | |

Power Supply

Vcc = 2.7V to 3.6V

VccQ = 1.7V to 1.95V / 2.7V to 3.6V

Operating Current (RMS)

The measurement for max RMS current is done as average RMS current consumption over a period of 100ms

| TOSHIBA Part Number | Density | NAND Flash Type | Interleave Operation | Frequency /Mode | VccQ | Max Operating Current [mA] | | |
|---------------------|---------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------------------|-----|----|
| | | | | | | Iccq | Icc | |
| THGBMNG5D1LBAIL | 4GB | 1 x 32Gbit 15nm | Non Interleave | 52MHz/SDR | 1.8V | 60 | 25 | |
| | | | | | 3.3V | 70 | 25 | |
| | | | | | 52MHz/DDR | 1.8V | 70 | 30 |
| | | | | | | 3.3V | 85 | 30 |
| | | | | HS200 | 1.8V | 90 | 30 | |
| | | | | | 1.8V | 100 | 30 | |

Sleep Mode Current

| TOSHIBA Part Number | Density | NAND Flash Type | Interleave Operation | Iccqs [μA] | | Iccqs+Iccs [μA] | |
|---------------------|---------|-----------------|----------------------|------------|---------|-----------------|---------|
| | | | | Typ. *1 | Max. *2 | Typ. *1 | Max. *2 |
| THGBMNG5D1LBAIL | 4GB | 1 x 32Gbit 15nm | Non Interleave | 100 | 510 | 120 | 560 |

*1 : The conditions of typical values are 25°C and VccQ = 3.3V or 1.8V.

*2 : The conditions of maximum values are 85°C and VccQ = 3.6V or 1.95V.

Product Architecture

The diagram in Figure 1 illustrates the main functional blocks of the THGBMNG5D1LBAIL. Specification of the C_{REG} and recommended values of the C_{VCC} , and C_{VCCQ} in the Figure 1 are as follows.

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Remark |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|------|------|-----------|------|--------------|
| V _{DDi} capacitor value | C _{REG} | μF | 0.10 | - | 2.2* | Except HS400 |
| | | μF | 1.00 | - | 2.2* | HS400 |
| V _{CC} capacitor value | C _{VCC} | μF | - | 2.2 + 0.1 | - | |
| V _{CCQ} capacitor value | C _{VCCQ} | μF | - | 2.2 + 0.1 | - | |

* Toshiba recommends that the value should be usually applied as the value of C_{REG}.

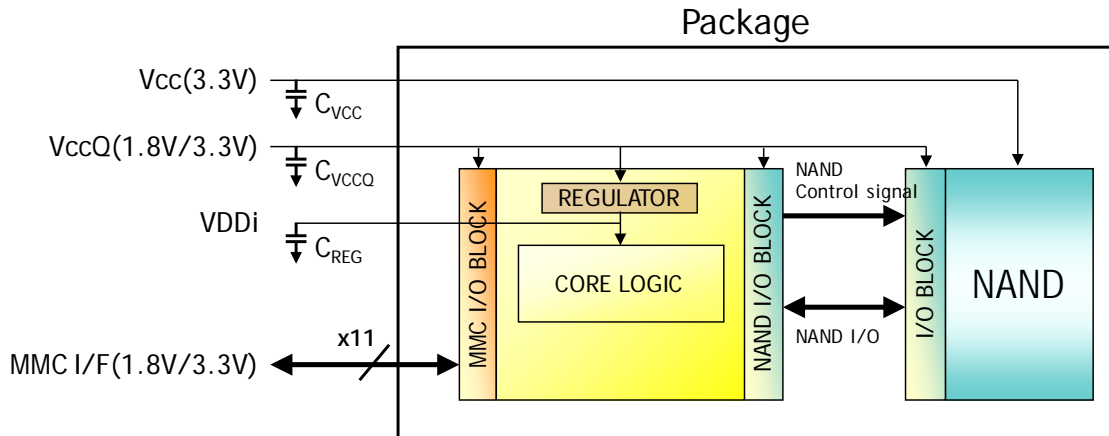


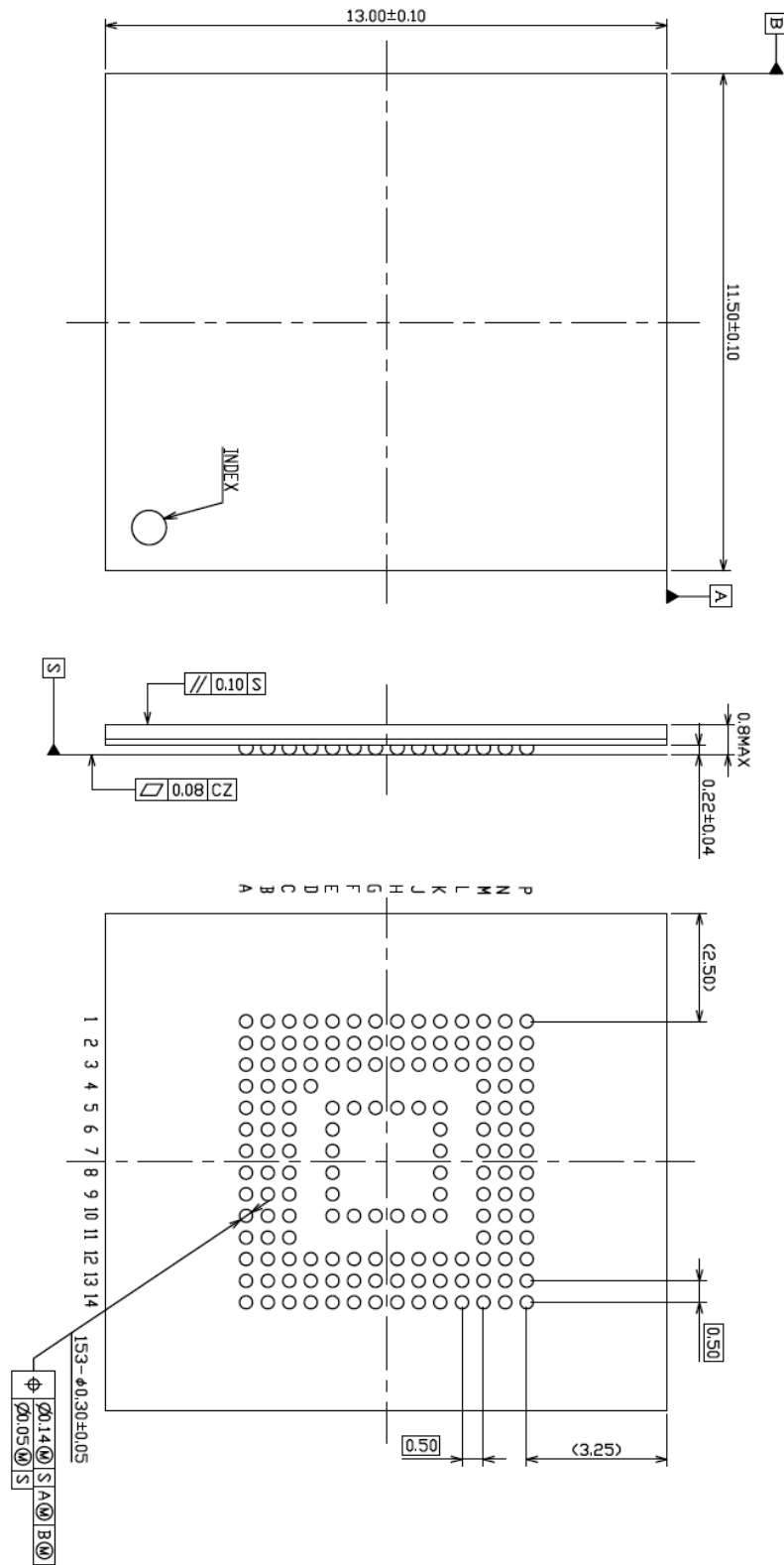
Figure 1 THGBMNG5D1LBAIL Block Diagram

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Package Dimensions

P-WFBGA153-1113-0.50 (11.5mm x 13mm, H0.8mm max. package)

Unit: mm



Density Specifications

| Density | Part Number | Interleave Operation | User Area Density [Bytes] | SEC_COUNT in Extended CSD |
|---------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 4GB | THGBMNG5D1LBAIL | Non Interleave | 3,959,422,976 | 0x00760000 |

1) User area density shall be reduced if enhanced user data area is defined.

Register Informations

OCR Register

| OCR bit | VDD Voltage window | Value |
|---------|--|--------------|
| [6:0] | Reserved | 000 0000b |
| [7] | 1.70-1.95 V | 1b |
| [14:8] | 2.0-2.6 V | 000 0000b |
| [23:15] | 2.7-3.6 V | 1 1111 1111b |
| [28:24] | Reserved | 0 0000b |
| [30:29] | Access Mode | 10b |
| [31] | (card power up status bit (busy)) ¹ | |

1) This bit is set to LOW if the Device has not finished the power up routine.

CID Register

| CID-slice | Name | Field | Width | Value |
|-----------|----------------------|-------|-------|------------------------------|
| [127:120] | Manufacturer ID | MID | 8 | 0001 0001b |
| [119:114] | Reserved | - | 6 | 0b |
| [113:112] | Device/BGA | CBX | 2 | 01b |
| [111:104] | OEM/Application ID | OID | 8 | 0b |
| [103:56] | Product name | PNM | 48 | 0x30 30 34 47 41 30 (004GA0) |
| [55:48] | Product revision | PRV | 8 | 0x02 |
| [47:16] | Product serial | PSN | 32 | Serial number |
| [15:8] | Manufacturing date | MDT | 8 | see-JEDEC Specification |
| [7:1] | CRC7 checksum | CRC | 7 | CRC7 |
| [0] | Not used, always '1' | - | 1 | 1b |

CSD Register

| CSD-slice | Name | Field | Width | Cell Type | Value |
|-----------|--|--------------------|-------|-----------|-------|
| [127:126] | CSD structure | CSD_STRUCTURE | 2 | R | 0x3 |
| [125:122] | System specification version | SPEC_VERS | 4 | R | 0x4 |
| [121:120] | Reserved | - | 2 | R | 0x0 |
| [119:112] | Data read access-time 1 | TAAC | 8 | R | 0x5E |
| [111:104] | Data read access-time 2 in CLK cycles (NSAC * 100) | NSAC | 8 | R | 0x00 |
| [103:96] | Max. bus clock frequency | TRAN_SPEED | 8 | R | 0x32 |
| [95:84] | Device command classes | CCC | 12 | R | 0x0F5 |
| [83:80] | Max. read data block length | READ_BL_LEN | 4 | R | 0x9 |
| [79:79] | Partial blocks for read allowed | READ_BL_PARTIAL | 1 | R | 0x0 |
| [78:78] | Write block misalignment | WRITE_BLK_MISALIGN | 1 | R | 0x0 |
| [77:77] | Read block misalignment | READ_BLK_MISALIGN | 1 | R | 0x0 |
| [76:76] | DSR implemented | DSR_IMP | 1 | R | 0x0 |
| [75:74] | Reserved | - | 2 | R | 0x0 |
| [73:62] | Device size | C_SIZE | 12 | R | 0xFFF |
| [61:59] | Max. read current @ VDD min. | VDD_R_CURR_MIN | 3 | R | 0x7 |
| [58:56] | Max. read current @ VDD max. | VDD_R_CURR_MAX | 3 | R | 0x7 |
| [55:53] | Max. write current @ VDD min. | VDD_W_CURR_MIN | 3 | R | 0x7 |
| [52:50] | Max. write current @ VDD max. | VDD_W_CURR_MAX | 3 | R | 0x7 |
| [49:47] | Device size multiplier | C_SIZE_MULT | 3 | R | 0x7 |
| [46:42] | Erase group size | ERASE_GRP_SIZE | 5 | R | 0x1F |
| [41:37] | Erase group size multiplier | ERASE_GRP_MULT | 5 | R | 0x1F |
| [36:32] | Write protect group size | WP_GRP_SIZE | 5 | R | 0x07 |
| [31:31] | Write protect group enable | WP_GRP_ENABLE | 1 | R | 0x1 |
| [30:29] | Manufacturer default ECC | DEFAULT_ECC | 2 | R | 0x0 |
| [28:26] | Write speed factor | R2W_FACTOR | 3 | R | 0x4 |
| [25:22] | Max. write data block length | WRITE_BL_LEN | 4 | R | 0x9 |
| [21:21] | Partial blocks for write allowed | WRITE_BL_PARTIAL | 1 | R | 0x0 |
| [20:17] | Reserved | - | 4 | R | 0x0 |
| [16:16] | Content protection application | CONTENT_PROT_APP | 1 | R | 0x0 |
| [15:15] | File format group | FILE_FORMAT_GRP | 1 | R/W | 0x0 |
| [14:14] | Copy flag (OTP) | COPY | 1 | R/W | 0x0 |
| [13:13] | Permanent write protection | PERM_WRITE_PROTECT | 1 | R/W | 0x0 |
| [12:12] | Temporary write protection | TMP_WRITE_PROTECT | 1 | R/W/E | 0x0 |
| [11:10] | File format | FILE_FORMAT | 2 | R/W | 0x0 |
| [9:8] | ECC code | ECC | 2 | R/W/E | 0x0 |
| [7:1] | CRC | CRC | 7 | R/W/E | CRC |
| [0] | Not used, always '1' | - | 1 | - | 0x1 |

Extended CSD Register

| CSD-slice | Name | Field | Size (Bytes) | Cell Type | Value |
|-----------|--|---|--------------|-----------|------------|
| [511:506] | Reserved | - | 6 | - | All '0' |
| [505] | Extended Security Commands Error | EXT_SECURITY_ERR | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [504] | Supported Command Sets | S_CMD_SET | 1 | R | 0x01 |
| [503] | HPI features | HPI_FEATURES | 1 | R | 0x01 |
| [502] | Background operations support | BKOPS_SUPPORT | 1 | R | 0x01 |
| [501] | Max_packed read commands | MAX_PACKED_READS | 1 | R | 0x3F |
| [500] | Max_packed write commands | MAX_PACKED_WRITES | 1 | R | 0x3F |
| [499] | Data Tag Support | DATA_TAG_SUPPORT | 1 | R | 0x01 |
| [498] | Tag Unit Size | TAG_UNIT_SIZE | 1 | R | 0x03 |
| [497] | Tag Resource Size | TAG_RES_SIZE | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [496] | Context management capabilities | CONTEXT_CAPABILITIES | 1 | R | 0x7F |
| [495] | Large Unit size | LARGE_UNIT_SIZE_M1 | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [494] | Extended partitions attribute support | EXT_SUPPORT | 1 | R | 0x03 |
| [493] | Supported modes | SUPPORTED_MODES | 1 | R | 0x01 |
| [492] | FFU features | FFU_FEATURES | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [491] | Operation codes timeout | OPERATION_CODES_TIMEOUT | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [490:487] | FFU Argument | FFU_ARG | 4 | R | 0xFFFFFFFF |
| [486] | Barrier support | BARRIER_SUPPORT | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [485:309] | Reserved | - | 177 | - | All '0' |
| [308] | CMD Queuing Support | CMDQ_SUPPORT | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [307] | CMD Queuing Depth | CMDQ_DEPTH | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [306] | Reserved | - | 1 | - | 0x00 |
| [305:302] | Number of FW sectors correctly programmed | NUMBER_OF_FW_SECTORS_CORRECTLY_PROGRAMMED | 4 | R | All '0' |
| [301:270] | Vendor proprietary health report | VENDOR_PROPRIETARY_HEALTH_REPORT | 32 | R | All '0' |
| [269] | Device life time estimation type B | DEVICE_LIFE_TIME_EST_TYP_B | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [268] | Device life time estimation type A | DEVICE_LIFE_TIME_EST_TYP_A | 1 | R | 0x01 |
| [267] | Pre EOL information | PRE_EOL_INFO | 1 | R | 0x01 |
| [266] | Optimal read size | OPTIMAL_READ_SIZE | 1 | R | 0x04 |
| [265] | Optimal write size | OPTIMAL_WRITE_SIZE | 1 | R | 0x04 |
| [264] | Optimal trim unit size | OPTIMAL_TRIM_UNIT_SIZE | 1 | R | 0x01 |
| [263:262] | Device version | DEVICE_VERSION | 2 | R | 0x00 |
| [261:254] | Firmware version | FIRMWARE_VERSION | 8 | R | 0x01 |
| [253] | Power class for 200MHz, DDR at VCC=3.6V | PWR_CL_DDR_200_360 | 1 | R | 0xAA |
| [252:249] | Cache size | CACHE_SIZE | 4 | R | 0x00001000 |
| [248] | Generic CMD6 timeout | GENERIC_CMD6_TIME | 1 | R | 0x05 |
| [247] | Power off notification(long) timeout | POWER_OFF_LONG_TIME | 1 | R | 0x32 |
| [246] | Background operations status | BKOPS_STATUS | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [245:242] | Number of correctly programmed sectors | CORRECTLY_PRG_SECTORS_NUM | 4 | R | 0x00000000 |
| [241] | 1 st initialization time after partitioning | INI_TIMEOUT_AP | 1 | R | 0x1E |

| CSD-slice | Name | Field | Size (Bytes) | Cell Type | Value |
|-----------|--|------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|------------|
| [240] | Cache Flushing Policy | CACHE_FLUSH_POLICY | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [239] | Power class for 52MHz, DDR @ 3.6V | PWR_CL_DDR_52_360 | 1 | R | 0x22 |
| [238] | Power class for 52MHz, DDR @ 1.95V | PWR_CL_DDR_52_195 | 1 | R | 0x77 |
| [237] | Power class for 200MHz, @ VCCQ =1.95V, VCC = 3.6V | PWR_CL_200_195 | 1 | R | 0x88 |
| [236] | Power class for 200MHz, @ VCCQ=1.3V, VCC = 3.6V | PWR_CL_200_130 | 1 | R | 0x88 |
| [235] | Minimum Write Performance for 8bit @ 52MHz in DDR mode | MIN_PERF_DDR_W_8_52 | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [234] | Minimum Read Performance for 8bit @ 52MHz in DDR mode | MIN_PERF_DDR_R_8_52 | 1 | R | 0x50 |
| [233] | Reserved | - | 1 | - | 0x00 |
| [232] | TRIM Multiplier | TRIM_MULT | 1 | R | 0x01 |
| [231] | Secure Feature support | SEC_FEATURE_SUPPORT | 1 | R | 0x55 |
| [230] | Secure Erase Multiplier | SEC_ERASE_MULT | 1 | R | 0XDC |
| [229] | Secure TRIM Multiplier | SEC_TRIM_MULT | 1 | R | 0xFF |
| [228] | Boot information | BOOT_INFO | 1 | R | 0x07 |
| [227] | Reserved | - | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [226] | Boot partition size | BOOT_SIZE_MULT | 1 | R | 0x10 |
| [225] | Access size | ACC_SIZE | 1 | R | 0x08 |
| [224] | High-capacity erase unit size | HC_ERASE_GRP_SIZE | 1 | R | 0x08 |
| [223] | High-capacity erase timeout | ERASE_TIMEOUT_MULT | 1 | R | 0x07 |
| [222] | Reliable write sector count | REL_WR_SEC_C | 1 | R | 0x01 |
| [221] | High-capacity write protect group size | HC_WP_GRP_SIZE | 1 | R | 0x01 |
| [220] | Sleep current (Vcc) | S_C_VCC | 1 | R | 0x06 |
| [219] | Sleep current (VccQ) | S_C_VCCQ | 1 | R | 0x0A |
| [218] | Production state awareness timeout | PRODUCTION_STATE_AWARENESS_TIMEOUT | 1 | R | 0x0A |
| [217] | Sleep/awake timeout | S_A_TIMEOUT | 1 | R | 0x10 |
| [216] | Sleep Notification Timeout | SLEEP_NOTIFICATION_TIME | 1 | R | 0x10 |
| [215:212] | Sector Count | SEC_COUNT | 4 | R | 0x00760000 |
| [211] | Secure Write Protection Information | SECURE_WP_INFO | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [210] | Minimum Write Performance for 8bit @ 52MHz | MIN_PERF_W_8_52 | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [209] | Minimum Read Performance 8bit @ 52MHz | MIN_PERF_R_8_52 | 1 | R | 0x64 |
| [208] | Minimum Write Performance for 8bit @ 26MHz, for 4bit at 52MHz | MIN_PERF_W_8_26_4_52 | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [207] | Minimum Read Performance for 8bit @ 26MHz, for 4bit at 52MHz | MIN_PERF_R_8_26_4_52 | 1 | R | 0x3C |
| [206] | Minimum Write Performance for 4bit @ 26MHz | MIN_PERF_W_4_26 | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [205] | Minimum Read Performance for 4bit @ 26MHz | MIN_PERF_R_4_26 | 1 | R | 0x1E |

| CSD-slice | Name | Field | Size (Bytes) | Cell Type | Value |
|-----------|--|-----------------------|--------------|------------------------|-------|
| [204] | Reserved | - | 1 | - | 0x00 |
| [203] | Power class for 26MHz @ 3.6V | PWR_CL_26_360 | 1 | R | 0x22 |
| [202] | Power class for 52MHz @ 3.6V | PWR_CL_52_360 | 1 | R | 0x22 |
| [201] | Power class for 26MHz @ 1.95V | PWR_CL_26_195 | 1 | R | 0x66 |
| [200] | Power class for 52MHz @ 1.95V | PWR_CL_52_195 | 1 | R | 0x66 |
| [199] | Partition switching timing | PARTITION_SWITCH_TIME | 1 | R | 0x01 |
| [198] | Out-of-interrupt busy timing | OUT_OF_INTERRUPT_TIME | 1 | R | 0x0A |
| [197] | I/O Driver Strength | DRIVER_STRENGTH | 1 | R | 0x1F |
| [196] | Device Type | DEVICE_TYPE | 1 | R | 0x57 |
| [195] | Reserved | - | 1 | - | 0x00 |
| [194] | CSD structure | CSD_STRUCTURE | 1 | R | 0x02 |
| [193] | Reserved | - | 1 | - | 0x00 |
| [192] | Extended CSD revision | EXT_CSD_REV | 1 | R | 0x07 |
| [191] | Command Set | CMD_SET | 1 | R/W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [190] | Reserved | - | 1 | - | 0x00 |
| [189] | Command set revision | CMD_SET_REV | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [188] | Reserved | - | 1 | - | 0x00 |
| [187] | Power class ¹ | POWER_CLASS | 1 | R/W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [186] | Reserved | - | 1 | - | 0x00 |
| [185] | High-speed interface timing | HS_TIMING | 1 | R/W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [184] | Strobe Support | STROBE_SUPPORT | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [183] | Bus width mode | BUS_WIDTH | 1 | W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [182] | Reserved | - | 1 | - | 0x00 |
| [181] | Erased memory content | ERASED_MEM_CONT | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [180] | Reserved | - | 1 | - | 0x00 |
| [179] | Partition configuration | PARTITION_CONFIG | 1 | R/W/E & R/W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [178] | Boot config protection | BOOT_CONFIG_PROT | 1 | R/W & R/W/C_P | 0x00 |
| [177] | Boot bus Conditions | BOOT_BUS_CONDITIONS | 1 | R/W/E | 0x00 |
| [176] | Reserved | - | 1 | - | 0x00 |
| [175] | High-density erase group definition | ERASE_GROUP_DEF | 1 | R/W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [174] | Boot write protection status registers | BOOT_WP_STATUS | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [173] | Boot area write protection register | BOOT_WP | 1 | R/W & R/W/C_P | 0x00 |
| [172] | Reserved | - | 1 | - | 0x00 |
| [171] | User area write protection register | USER_WP | 1 | R/W, R/W/C_P & R/W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [170] | Reserved | - | 1 | - | 0x00 |
| [169] | FW configuration | FW_CONFIG | 1 | R/W | 0x00 |

| CSD-slice | Name | Field | Size (Bytes) | Cell Type | Value |
|-----------|--|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------|----------|
| [168] | RPMB Size | RPMB_SIZE_MULT | 1 | R | 0x04 |
| [167] | Write reliability setting register | WR_REL_SET | 1 | R/W | 0x1F |
| [166] | Write reliability parameter register | WR_REL_PARAM | 1 | R | 0x05 |
| [165] | Start Sanitize operation | SANITIZE_START | 1 | W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [164] | Manually start background operations | BKOPS_START | 1 | W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [163] | Enable background operations handshake | BKOPS_EN | 1 | R/W & R/W/E | 0x00 |
| [162] | H/W reset function | RST_n_FUNCTION | 1 | R/W | 0x00 |
| [161] | HPI management | HPI_MGMT | 1 | R/W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [160] | Partitioning Support | PARTITIONING_SUPPORT | 1 | R | 0x07 |
| [159:157] | Max Enhanced Area Size ² | MAX_ENH_SIZE_MULT | 3 | R | 0x0001D8 |
| [156] | Partitions attribute | PARTITIONS_ATTRIBUTE | 1 | R/W | 0x00 |
| [155] | Partitioning Setting | PARTITION_SETTING_COMPLETED | 1 | R/W | 0x00 |
| [154:143] | General Purpose Partition Size ³ | GP_SIZE_MULT | 12 | R/W | 0x00 |
| [142:140] | Enhanced User Data Area Size ⁴ | ENH_SIZE_MULT | 3 | R/W | 0x00 |
| [139:136] | Enhanced User Data Start Address | ENH_START_ADDR | 4 | R/W | 0x00 |
| [135] | Reserved | - | 1 | - | 0x00 |
| [134] | Bad Block Management mode | SEC_BAD_BLK_MGMNT | 1 | R/W | 0x00 |
| [133] | Production state awareness ⁵ | PRODUCTION_STATE_AWARENESS | 1 | R/W/E | 0x00 |
| [132] | Package Case Temperature is controlled ¹ | TCASE_SUPPORT | 1 | W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [131] | Periodic Wake-up ¹ | PERIODIC_WAKEUP | 1 | R/W/E | 0x00 |
| [130] | Program CID/CSD in DDR mode support | PROGRAM_CID_CSD_DDR_SUPPORT | 1 | R | 0x01 |
| [129:128] | Reserved | - | 2 | - | All '0' |
| [127:64] | Vendor Specific Fields | VENDOR_SPECIFIC_FIELD | 64 | - | - |
| [63] | Native sector size | NATIVE_SECTOR_SIZE | 1 | R | 0x01 |
| [62] | Sector size emulation | USE_NATIVE_SECTOR | 1 | R/W | 0x00 |
| [61] | Sector size | DATA_SECTOR_SIZE | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [60] | 1st initialization after disabling sector size emulation | INI_TIMEOUT_EMU | 1 | R | 0x0A |
| [59] | Class 6 commands control | CLASS_6_CTRL | 1 | R/W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [58] | Number of addressed group to be Released | DYNCAP_NEEDED | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [57:56] | Exception events control | EXCEPTION_EVENTS_CTRL | 2 | R/W/E_P | 0x0000 |
| [55:54] | Exception events status | EXCEPTION_EVENTS_STATUS | 2 | R | 0x0000 |
| [53:52] | Extended partitions attribute ¹ | EXT_PARTITIONS_ATTRIBUTE | 2 | R/W | 0x0000 |
| [51:37] | Context configuration | CONTEXT_CONF | 15 | R/W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [36] | Packed command status | PACKED_COMMAND_STATUS | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [35] | Packed command failure index | PACKED_FAILURE_INDEX | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [34] | Power Off Notification ⁵ | POWER_OFF_NOTIFICATION | 1 | R/W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [33] | Control to turn the Cache ON/OFF | CACHE_CTRL | 1 | R/W/E_P | 0x00 |

| CSD-slice | Name | Field | Size (Bytes) | Cell Type | Value |
|-----------|---|------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|------------|
| [32] | Flushing of the cache | FLUSH_CACHE | 1 | W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [31] | Control to turn the Barrier ON/OFF | BARRIER_CTRL | 1 | R/W | 0x00 |
| [30] | Mode config | MODE_CONFIG | 1 | R/W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [29] | Mode operation codes | MODE_OPERATION_CODES | 1 | W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [28:27] | Reserved | - | 2 | - | All '0' |
| [26] | FFU status | FFU_STATUS | 1 | R | 0x00 |
| [25:22] | Pre loading data size ⁶ | PRE_LOADING_DATA_SIZE | 4 | R/W/E_P | 0x00760000 |
| [21:18] | Max pre loading data size | MAX_PRE_LOADING_DATA_SIZE | 4 | R | 0x00760000 |
| [17] | Product state awareness enablement ⁵ | PRODUCT_STATE_AWARENESS_ENABLEMENT | 1 | R/W/E & R | 0x03 |
| [16] | Secure Removal Type | SECURE_REMOVAL_TYPE | 1 | R/W & R | 0x09 |
| [15] | Command Queue Mode Enable | CMDQ_MODE_EN | 1 | R/W/E_P | 0x00 |
| [14:0] | Reserved | - | 15 | - | All '0' |

¹ Although these fields can be re-written by host, TOSHIBA e-MMC does not support.

² Max Enhanced Area Size (MAX_ENH_SIZE_MULT [159:157]) has to be calculated by following formula.

Max Enhanced Area = MAX_ENH_SIZE_MULT x HC_WP_GRP_SIZE x HC_ERASE_GRP_SIZE x 512kBytes

$$\sum_{i=1}^4 \text{Enhanced general partition size}(i) + \text{Enhanced user data area} \leq \text{Max enhanced area}$$

³ General Purpose Partition Size (GP_SIZE_MULT_GP0 - GP_SIZE_MULT_GP3 [154:143]) has to be calculated by following formula.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{General_Purpose_Partition_X Size} = & (\text{GP_SIZE_MULT_X_2} \times 2^{16} + \text{GP_SIZE_MULT_X_1} \times 2^8 \\ & + \text{GP_SIZE_MULT_X_0} \times 2^0) \times \text{HC_WP_GRP_SIZE} \\ & \times \text{HC_ERASE_GRP_SIZE} \times 512\text{kBytes} \end{aligned}$$

⁴ Enhanced User Data Area Size (ENH_SIZE_MULT [142:140]) has to be calculated by following formula.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Enhanced User Data Area x Size} = & (\text{ENH_SIZE_MULT_2} \times 2^{16} + \text{ENH_SIZE_MULT_1} \times 2^8 \\ & + \text{ENH_SIZE_MULT_0} \times 2^0) \times \text{HC_WP_GRP_SIZE} \\ & \times \text{HC_ERASE_GRP_SIZE} \times 512\text{kBytes} \end{aligned}$$

⁵ Toshiba recommends to issue the Power Off Notification before turning off the device, especially when cache is on or AUTO_EN(BKOPS_EN[163]:bit1) is set to '1b'.

- ⁶ - Pre loading data size = PRE_LOADING_DATA_SIZE x Sector Size
Pre-loading data size should be multiple of 4KB and the pre-loading data should be written by multiple of 4KB chunk size, aligned with 4KB address. This is because the valid data size will be treated as 4KB when host writes data less than 4KB.
- If the host continues to write data in Normal state (after it wrote PRE_LOADING_DATA_SIZE amount of data) and before soldering, the pre-loading data might be corrupted after soldering.
 - If a power cycle is occurred during the data transfer, the amount of data written to device is not clear. Therefore in this case, host should erase the entire pre-loaded data and set again PRE_LOADING_DATA_SIZE[25:22], PRODUCTION_STATE_AWARENESS[133], and PRODUCT_STATE_AWARENESS_ENABLEMENT[17].

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC Characteristics

Absolute Maximum Ratings

The absolute maximum ratings of a semiconductor device are a set of specified parameter values, which must not be exceeded during operation, even for an instant.

If any of these rating would be exceeded during operation, the device electrical characteristics may be irreparably altered and the reliability and lifetime of the device can no longer be guaranteed. Moreover, these operations with exceeded ratings may cause break down, damage, and/or degradation to any other equipment. Applications using the device should be designed such that each maximum rating will never be exceeded in any operating conditions.

Before using, creating, and/or producing designs, refer to and comply with the precautions and conditions set forth in this document.

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------|-----------------------------|------|
| Supply voltage 1 | V _{CC} | | -0.5 | 4.1 | V |
| Supply voltage 2 | V _{CCQ} | | -0.5 | 4.1 | V |
| Voltage Input | V _{IO} | | -0.5 | V _{CCQ} +0.5(≤4.1) | V |

General

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|--------|-----------------|------|-----------------------|------|
| Peak voltage on all lines | | | -0.5 | V _{CCQ} +0.5 | V |
| All Inputs | | | | | |
| Input Leakage Current (before initialization sequence ¹ and/or the internal pull up resistors connected) | | | -100 | 100 | μA |
| Input Leakage Current (after initialization sequence and the internal pull up resistors disconnected) | | | -2 | 2 | μA |
| All Outputs | | | | | |
| Output Leakage Current (before initialization sequence) | | | -100 | 100 | μA |
| Output Leakage Current (after initialization sequence) | | | -2 | 2 | μA |

1) Initialization sequence is defined in Power-Up chapter of JEDEC/MMCA Standard

Power Supply Voltage

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----|------|------|
| Supply voltage 1 | V _{CC} | | 2.7 | 3.6 | V |
| Supply voltage 2 | V _{CCQ} | | 1.7 | 1.95 | V |
| | | | 2.7 | 3.6 | V |

1) Once the power supply V_{CC} or V_{CCQ} falls below the minimum guaranteed voltage (for example, upon sudden power fail), the voltage level of V_{CC} or V_{CCQ} shall be kept less than 0.5 V for at least 1ms before it goes beyond 0.5 V again.

2) The host and device I/O power (V_{CCQ}) shall be provided from same power supply.

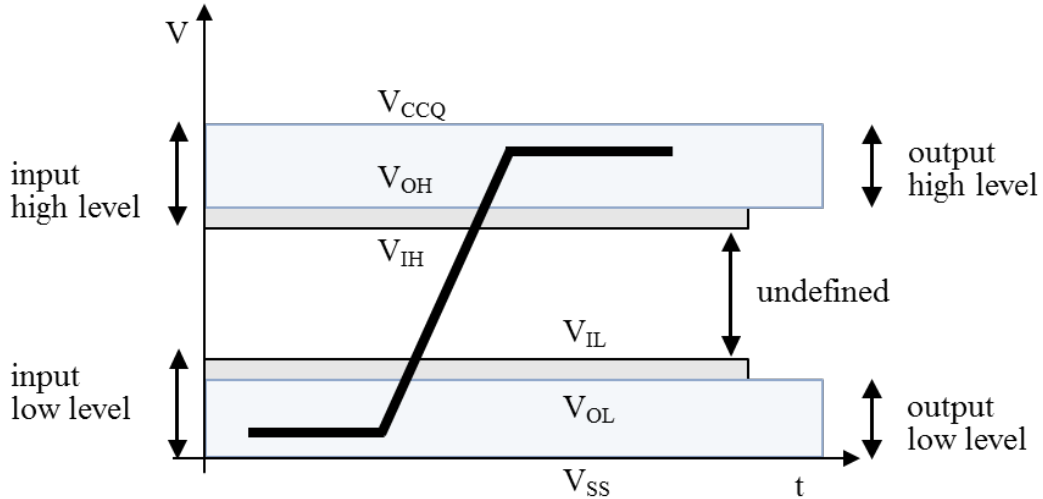
Supply Current

| Parameter | | Symbol | Interleave Operation | Frequency /Mode | VccQ | Min | | Max | | Unit |
|-----------------|-------|--------|----------------------|-----------------|------|------|-----|------|-----|------|
| | | | | | | Iccq | Icc | Iccq | Icc | |
| Operation (RMS) | Read | IROP | Non Interleave | 52MHz/SDR | 1.8V | — | — | 60 | 10 | mA |
| | | | | | 3.3V | — | — | 70 | 15 | |
| | | | | 52MHz/DDR | 1.8V | — | — | 70 | 20 | mA |
| | | | | | 3.3V | — | — | 85 | 20 | |
| | HS200 | 1.8V | — | — | 90 | 30 | mA | | | |
| | | HS400 | 1.8V | — | — | 100 | | 30 | | |
| | Write | IWOP | Non Interleave | 52MHz/SDR | 1.8V | — | — | 50 | 25 | mA |
| | | | | | 3.3V | — | — | 55 | 25 | |
| | | | | 52MHz/DDR | 1.8V | — | — | 50 | 30 | mA |
| | | | | | 3.3V | — | — | 55 | 30 | |
| HS200 | | | | 1.8V | — | — | 55 | 30 | mA | |
| HS400 | | | | 1.8V | — | — | 60 | 30 | | |

Internal resistance and Device capacitance

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|---------------------|-----------------|-----|-----|------|
| Single device capacitance | C _{DEVICE} | | — | 6 | pF |
| Internal pull up resistance DAT1 – DAT7 | R _{INT} | | 10 | 150 | kΩ |

Bus Signal Levels



Open-Drain Mode Bus Signal Level

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|---------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----|------|------------------------|
| Output HIGH voltage | V _{OH} | V _{CCQ} - 0.2 | — | V | NOTE 1 |
| Output LOW voltage | V _{OL} | — | 0.3 | V | I _{OL} = 2 mA |

NOTE 1: Because V_{OH} depends on external resistance value (including outside the package), this value does not apply as device specification. Host is responsible to choose the external pull-up and open drain resistance value to meet V_{OH} Min value.

Push-Pull Mode Bus Signal Level (High-Voltage)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------|--|
| Output HIGH voltage | V _{OH} | 0.75 * V _{CCQ} | — | V | I _{OH} = -100 μA @ V _{CCQ} min |
| Output LOW voltage | V _{OL} | — | 0.125 * V _{CCQ} | V | I _{OL} = 100 μA @ V _{CCQ} min |
| Input HIGH voltage | V _{IH} | 0.625 * V _{CCQ} | V _{CCQ} + 0.3 | V | |
| Input LOW voltage | V _{IL} | V _{SS} - 0.3 | 0.25 * V _{CCQ} | V | |

Push-Pull Mode Bus Signal Level (Dual-Voltage)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------|------------------------|
| Output HIGH voltage | V _{OH} | V _{CCQ} - 0.45 | — | V | I _{OH} = -2mA |
| Output LOW voltage | V _{OL} | — | 0.45 | V | I _{OL} = 2mA |
| Input HIGH voltage | V _{IH} | 0.65 * V _{CCQ} | V _{CCQ} + 0.3 | V | |
| Input LOW voltage | V _{IL} | V _{SS} - 0.3 | 0.35 * V _{CCQ} | V | |

Driver Types Definition

In JEDEC, Driver Type-0 is defined as mandatory for e-MMC HS200&HS400 Device. While four additional Driver Types (1, 2, 3 and 4) are defined as optional, to allow the support of wider Host loads. The Host may select the most appropriate Driver Type of the Device (if supported) to achieve optimal signal integrity performance.

Driver Type-0 is targeted for transmission line, based distributed system with 50Ω nominal line impedance. Therefore, it is defined as 50Ω nominal driver. The nominal line impedance should be kept as 50Ω even if Driver Type would be changed.

For HS200, when tested with $C_L = 15\text{pF}$ Driver Type-0 shall meet all AC characteristics and HS200 Device output timing requirements. The test circuit defined in section 10.5.4.3 of JEDEC/MMCA Standard 5.0 is used for testing of Driver Type-0.

For HS400, when tested with the reference load defined in page 27 HS400 reference load figure, Driver Type-0 or Driver Type-1 or Driver Type-4 shall meet all AC characteristics and HS400 Device output timing requirements.

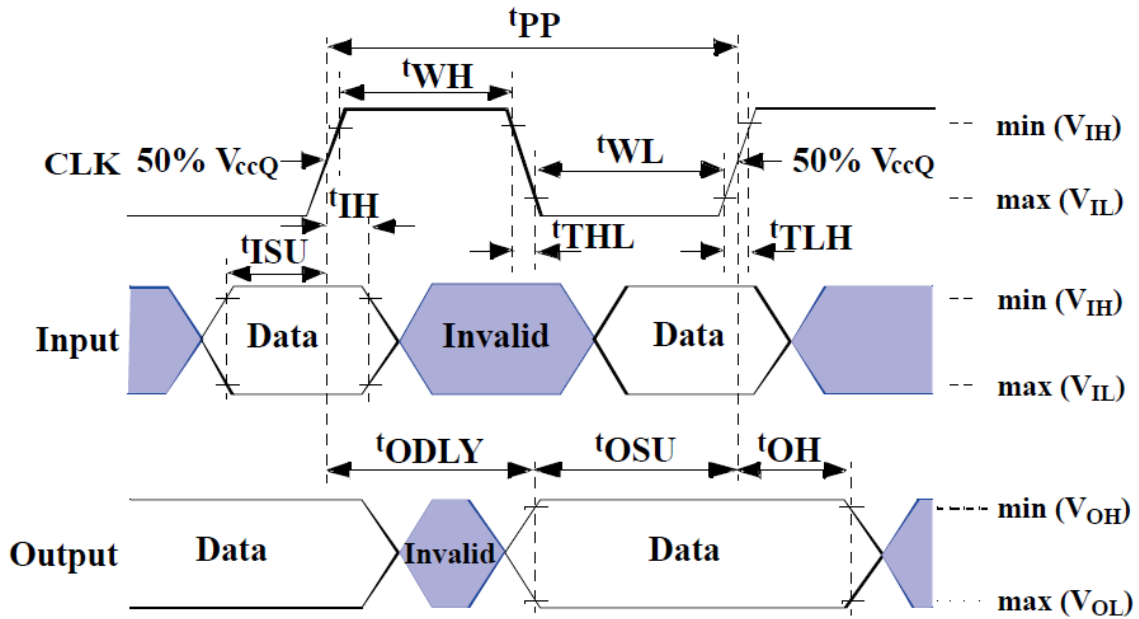
| Driver Type | TOSHIBA e-MMC | Nominal Impedance (Driver strength) | Approximated driving capability compared to Type-0 | Remark |
|-------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| 0 | Supported | 50 Ω (18mA) | x1 | Default Driver Type |
| 1 | Supported | 33 Ω (27mA) | x1.5 | Recommendation at HS400 under the condition of JEDEC standard reference load. |
| 2 | Supported | 66 Ω (14mA) | x0.75 | |
| 3 | Supported | 100 Ω (9mA) | x0.5 | |
| 4 | Supported | 40 Ω (23mA) | X1.2 | Recommendation at HS400 under the condition of JEDEC standard reference load. |

1) Nominal impedance is defined by I-V characteristics of output driver at 0.9V when $V_{CCQ} = 1.8\text{V}$.

***The most suitable setting for user’s operating environment should be selected.**

At HS400, Toshiba recommends Driver Type-1 and Type-4. This is because they meet all AC characteristics and Device output timing requirements under the condition of JEDEC standard reference load.

Bus Timing



Data must always be sampled on the rising edge of the clock.

Device Interface Timings (High-speed interface timing)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|--|------------|-----|-------------------|------|--|
| Clock CLK ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
| Clock frequency Data Transfer Mode (PP) ⁽²⁾ | f_{pp} | 0 | 52 ⁽³⁾ | MHz | $C_L \leq 30\text{pF}$ Tolerance: +100kHz |
| Clock frequency Identification Mode (OD) | f_{OD} | 0 | 400 | kHz | Tolerance: +20kHz |
| Clock high time | t_{WH} | 6.5 | — | ns | $C_L \leq 30\text{pF}$ |
| Clock low time | t_{WL} | 6.5 | — | ns | $C_L \leq 30\text{pF}$ |
| Clock rise time ⁽⁴⁾ | t_{TLH} | — | 3 | ns | $C_L \leq 30\text{pF}$ |
| Clock fall time | t_{THL} | — | 3 | ns | $C_L \leq 30\text{pF}$ |
| Inputs CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK) | | | | | |
| Input set-up time | t_{ISU} | 3 | — | ns | $C_L \leq 30\text{pF}$ |
| Input hold time | t_{IH} | 3 | — | ns | $C_L \leq 30\text{pF}$ |
| Outputs CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK) | | | | | |
| Output Delay time during Data Transfer | t_{ODLY} | — | 13.7 | ns | $C_L \leq 30\text{pF}$ |
| Output hold time | t_{OH} | 2.5 | — | ns | $C_L \leq 30\text{pF}$ |
| Signal rise time ⁽⁵⁾ | t_{rise} | — | 3 | ns | $C_L \leq 30\text{pF}$ |
| Signal fall time | t_{fall} | — | 3 | ns | $C_L \leq 30\text{pF}$ |

1) CLK timing is measured at 50% of V_{CCQ}

2) This product shall support the full frequency range from 0 MHz - 26 MHz, or 0 MHz - 52 MHz

3) Device can operate as high-speed interface timing at 26MHz clock frequency.

4) CLK rise and fall times are measured by $\min(V_{IH})$ and $\max(V_{IL})$.

5) Inputs CMD, DAT rise and fall times area measured by $\min(V_{IH})$ and $\max(V_{IL})$, and outputs CMD, DAT rise and fall times are measured by $\min(V_{OH})$ and $\max(V_{OL})$.

Device Interface Timings (Backward-compatible interface timing)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark ⁽¹⁾ |
|--|------------------|------|-----|------|-----------------------|
| Clock CLK ⁽²⁾ | | | | | |
| Clock frequency Data Transfer Mode (PP) ⁽³⁾ | f _{pp} | 0 | 26 | MHz | C _L ≤ 30pF |
| Clock frequency Identification Mode (OD) | f _{OD} | 0 | 400 | kHz | |
| Clock high time | t _{WH} | 10 | — | ns | C _L ≤ 30pF |
| Clock low time | t _{WL} | 10 | — | ns | C _L ≤ 30pF |
| Clock rise time ⁽⁴⁾ | t _{TLH} | — | 10 | ns | C _L ≤ 30pF |
| Clock fall time | t _{THL} | — | 10 | ns | C _L ≤ 30pF |
| Inputs CMD,DAT (referenced to CLK) | | | | | |
| Input set-up time | t _{ISU} | 3 | — | ns | C _L ≤ 30pF |
| Input hold time | t _{IH} | 3 | — | ns | C _L ≤ 30pF |
| Outputs CMD,DAT (referenced to CLK) | | | | | |
| Output set-up time ⁽⁵⁾ | t _{OSU} | 11.7 | — | ns | C _L ≤ 30pF |
| Output hold time ⁽⁵⁾ | t _{OH} | 8.3 | — | ns | C _L ≤ 30pF |

- 1) The e-MMC must always start with the backward-compatible interface timing. The timing mode can be switched to high-speed interface timing by the host sending the SWITCH command (CMD6) with the argument for high-speed interface select.
- 2) CLK timing is measured at 50% of V_{CCQ}
- 3) For compatibility with e-MMCs that support the v4.2 standard or earlier, host should not use >26MHz before switching to high-speed interface timing.
- 4) CLK rise and fall times are measured by min (V_{IH}) and max (V_{IL}).
- 5) t_{OSU} and t_{OH} are defined as values from clock rising edge. However, the e-MMC device will utilize clock falling edge to output data in backward compatibility mode. Therefore, it is recommended for hosts either to set t_{WL} value as long as possible within the range which will not go over t_{CK} - t_{OHmin}) in the system or to use slow clock frequency, so that host could have data set up margin for the device.
Toshiba e-MMC device utilize clock falling edge to output data in backward compatibility mode.
Host should optimize the timing in order to have data set up margin as follows.

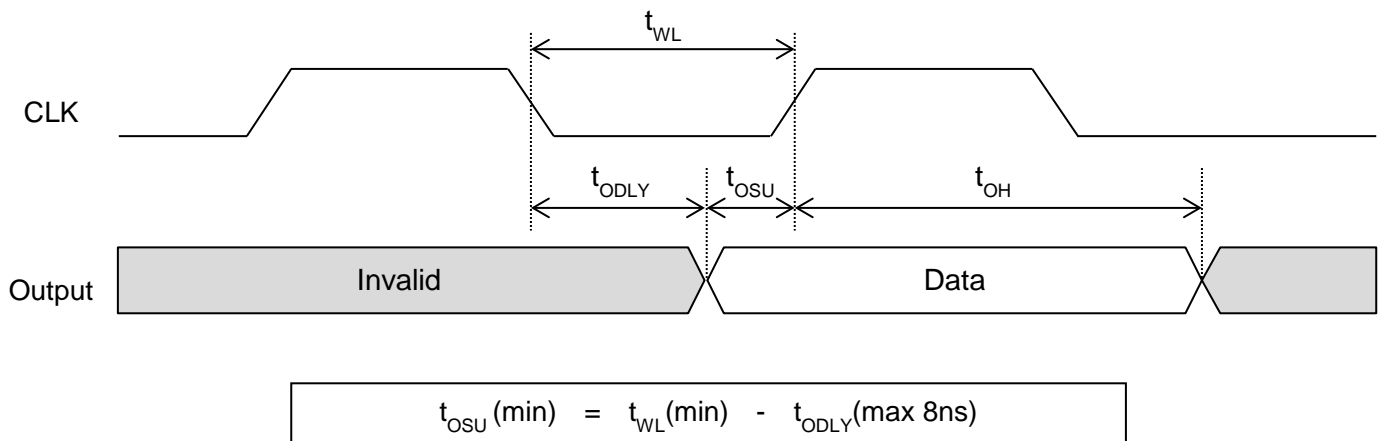
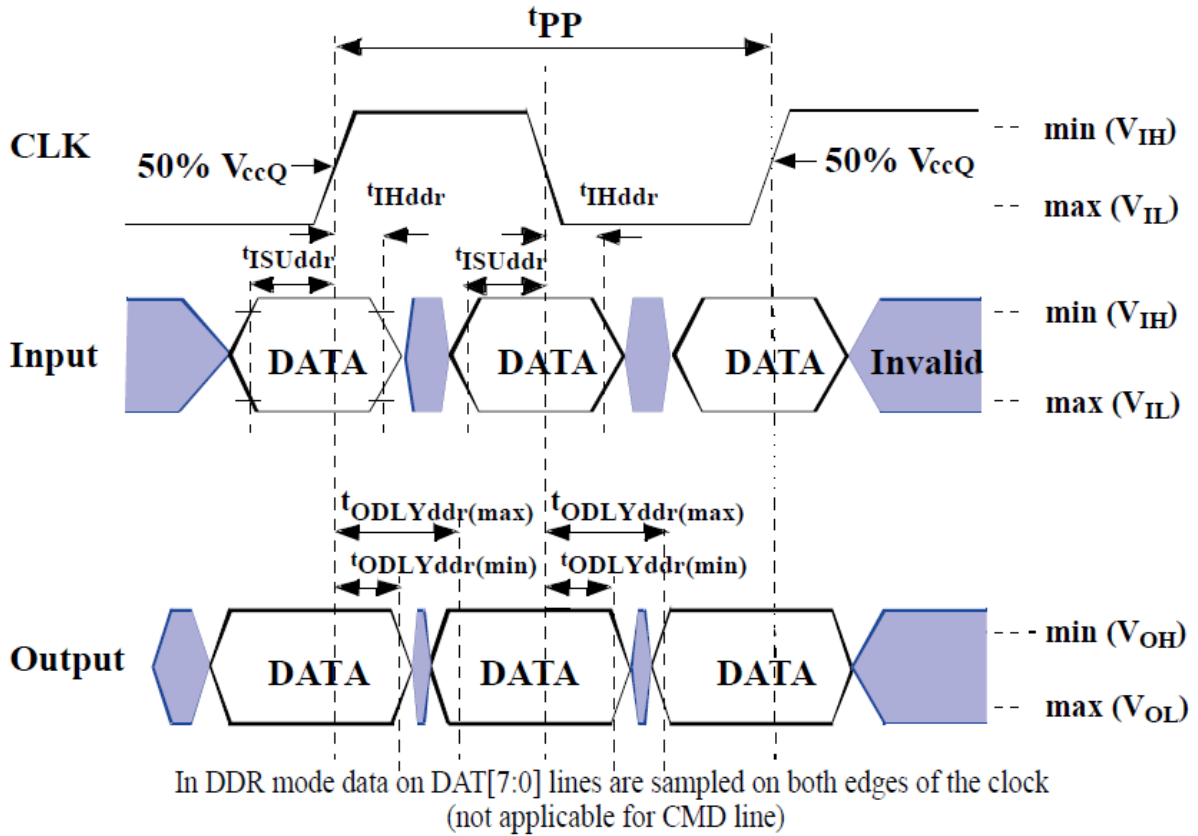


Figure 2 Output timing

Bus Timing for DAT signals for during 2x data rate operation

These timings applies to the DAT[7:0] signals only when the device is configured for dual data mode operation. In this dual data mode, the DAT signals operates synchronously of both the rising and the falling edges of CLK. The CMD signal still operates synchronously of the rising edge of CLK and therefore complies with the bus timing specified in High-speed interface timing or Backward-compatible interface timing.



High-speed dual data rate interface timings

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|--|--------------------|-----|------|------|------------------------------|
| Input CLK ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
| Clock duty cycle | | 45 | 55 | % | Includes jitter, phase noise |
| Clock rise time | t _{TLH} | — | 3 | ns | C _L ≤ 30pF |
| Clock fall time | t _{THL} | — | 3 | ns | C _L ≤ 30pF |
| Input CMD(referenced to CLK-SDR mode) | | | | | |
| Input set-up time | t _{SUddr} | 3 | — | ns | C _L ≤ 20pF |
| Input hold time | t _{IHddr} | 3 | — | ns | C _L ≤ 20pF |
| Output CMD(referenced to CLK-SDR mode) | | | | | |
| Output delay time during data transfer | t _{ODLY} | — | 13.7 | ns | C _L ≤ 20pF |
| Output hold time | t _{OH} | 2.5 | — | ns | C _L ≤ 20pF |
| Signal rise time | t _{RISE} | — | 3 | ns | C _L ≤ 20pF |
| Signal fall time | t _{FALL} | — | 3 | ns | C _L ≤ 20pF |

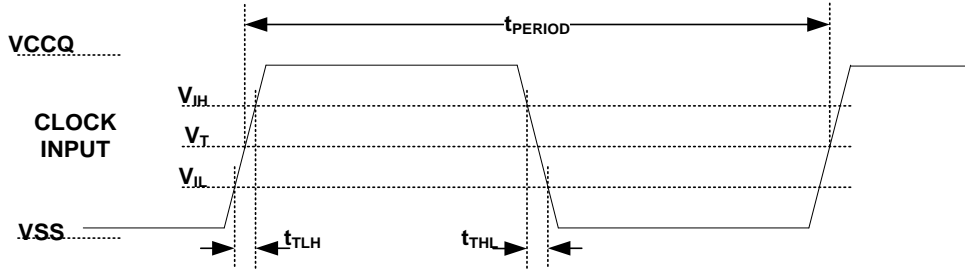
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|---|----------------------|-----|-----|------|-----------------------|
| Input DAT (referenced to CLK-DDR mode) | | | | | |
| Input set-up time | t _{ISUddr} | 2.5 | — | ns | C _L ≤ 20pF |
| Input hold time | t _{IHddr} | 2.5 | — | ns | C _L ≤ 20pF |
| Output DAT (referenced to CLK-DDR mode) | | | | | |
| Output delay time during data transfer | t _{ODLYddr} | 1.5 | 7 | ns | C _L ≤ 20pF |
| Signal rise time (all signals) ⁽²⁾ | t _{RISE} | — | 2 | ns | C _L ≤ 20pF |
| Signal fall time (all signals) | t _{FALL} | — | 2 | ns | C _L ≤ 20pF |

- 1) CLK timing is measured at 50% of V_{CCQ}.
- 2) Inputs DAT rise and fall times are measured by min (V_{IH}) and max (V_{IL}), and outputs DAT rise and fall times are measured by min (V_{OH}) and max (V_{OL}).

Bus Timing Specification in HS200 mode

HS200 Clock Timing

Host CLK Timing in HS200 mode shall conform to the timing specified in following figure and Table. CLK input shall satisfy the clock timing over all possible operation and environment conditions. CLK input parameters should be measured while CMD and DAT lines are stable high or low, as close as possible to the Device. The maximum frequency of HS200 is 200MHz. Hosts can use any frequency up to the maximum that HS200 mode allows.

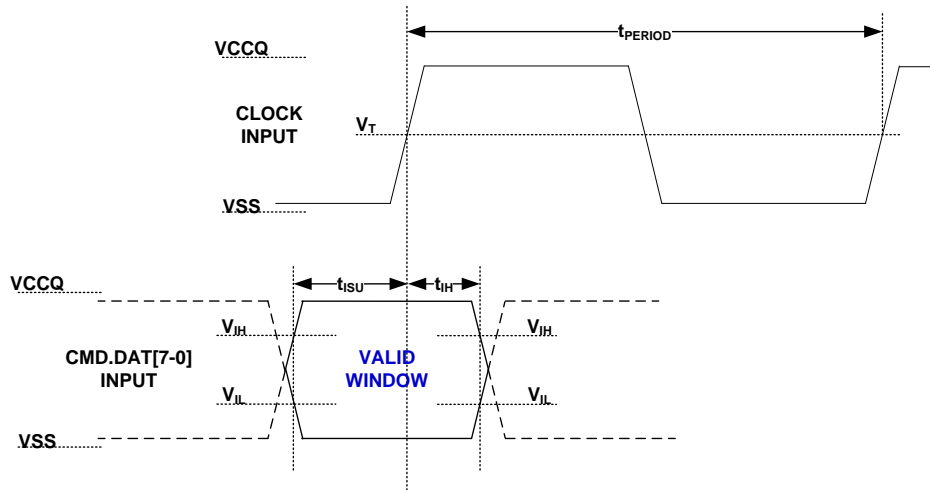


NOTE 1 V_{IH} denote $V_{IH}(\text{min.})$ and V_{IL} denotes $V_{IL}(\text{max.})$.

NOTE 2 $V_T = 50\%$ of V_{CCQ} , indicates clock reference point for timing measurements.

| Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|--------------------|-----|--------------------|------|---|
| t_{PERIOD} | 5 | — | ns | 200MHz (Max.), between rising edges |
| t_{TLH}, t_{THL} | — | $0.2 * t_{PERIOD}$ | ns | $t_{TLH}, t_{THL} < 1\text{ ns}$ (max.) at 200MHz, $C_{DEVICE}=6\text{pF}$, The absolute maximum value of t_{TLH}, t_{THL} is 10ns regardless of clock frequency. |
| Duty Cycle | 30 | 70 | % | |

HS200 Device Input Timing



NOTE 1 t_{ISU} and t_{IH} are measured at $V_{IL}(\text{max})$ and $V_{IH}(\text{min})$.

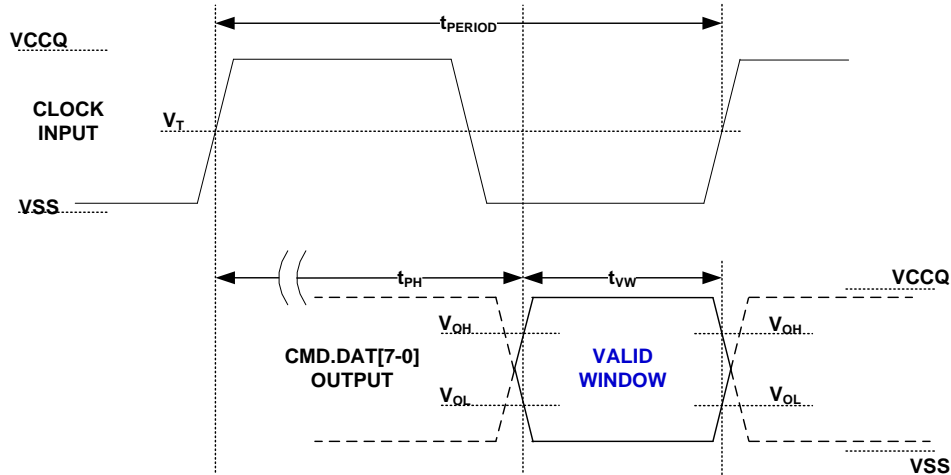
NOTE 2 V_{IH} denote $V_{IH}(\text{min})$ and V_{IL} denotes $V_{IL}(\text{max})$.

| Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|-----------|------|-----|------|------------------------------|
| t_{ISU} | 1.40 | — | ns | $C_{DEVICE} \leq 6\text{pF}$ |
| t_{IH} | 0.8 | — | ns | $C_{DEVICE} \leq 6\text{pF}$ |

HS200 Device Output Timing

t_{PH} parameter is defined to allow device output delay to be longer than t_{PERIOD} . After initialization, the t_{PH} may have random phase relation to the clock. The Host is responsible to find the optimal sampling point for the Device outputs, while switching to the HS200 mode.

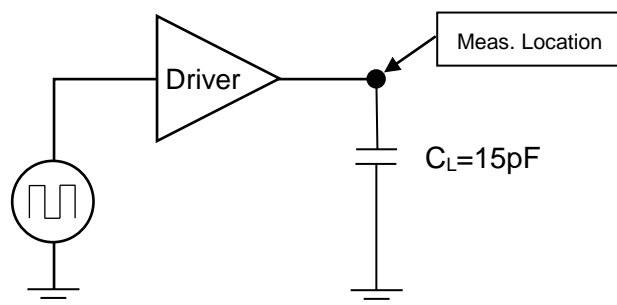
While setting the sampling point of data, a long term drift, which mainly depends on temperature drift, should be considered. The temperature drift is expressed by ΔT_{PH} . Output valid data window (t_{VW}) is available regardless of the drift (ΔT_{PH}) but position of data window varies by the drift.



NOTE V_{OH} denotes $V_{OH}(min)$ and V_{OL} denotes $V_{OL}(max)$.

| Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark ¹ |
|-----------------|--|--|------|--|
| t_{PH} | 0 | 2 | UI | Device output momentary phase from CLK input to CMD or DAT lines output. Does not include a long term temperature drift. |
| ΔT_{PH} | -350 ($\Delta T = -20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) | +1550 ($\Delta T = 90\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) | ps | Delay variation due to temperature change after tuning. Total allowable shift of output valid window (T_{VW}) from last system Tuning procedure ΔT_{PH} is 2600ps for ΔT from $-25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ during operation. |
| t_{VW} | 0.575 | — | UI | $t_{VW} = 2.88\text{ns}$ at 200MHz Using test circuit in following figure including skew among CMD and DAT lines created by the Device. Host path may add Signal Integrity induced noise, skews, etc. Expected t_{VW} at Host input is larger than 0.475UI. |

NOTE Unit Interval (UI) is one bit nominal time. For example, UI=5ns at 200 MHz.

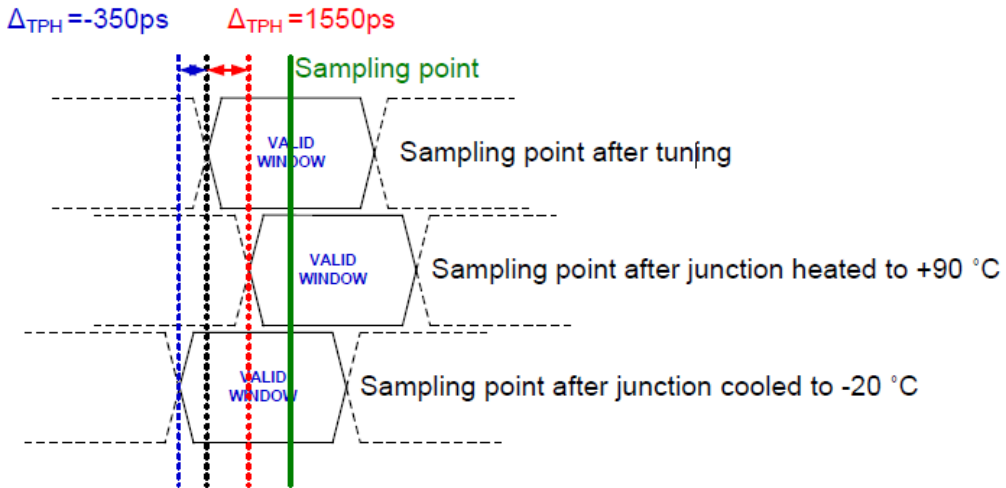


NOTE 1 C_L is total equivalent lumped capacitance for each Driver.

NOTE 2 C_L incorporates device die load, device package load and equivalent lumped load external to the device.

NOTE 3 In distributed transmission lines only part of the line capacitance considered as load for the Driver.

Δ_{TPH} consideration

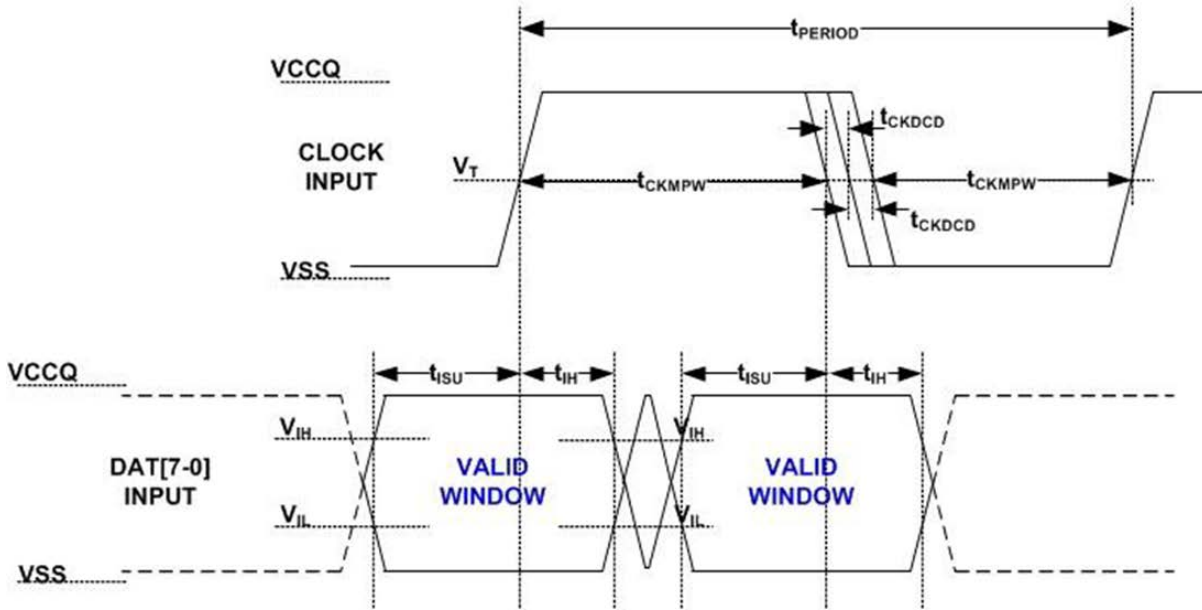


Implementation Guide:
 Host should design to avoid sampling errors that may be caused by the Δ_{TPH} drift.
 It is recommended to perform tuning procedure while Device wakes up, after sleep.
 One simple way to overcome the Δ_{TPH} drift is by reduction of operating frequency.

Bus Timing Specification in HS400 mode

HS400 Input Timing

The CMD input timing for HS400 mode is the same as CMD input timing for HS200 mode.

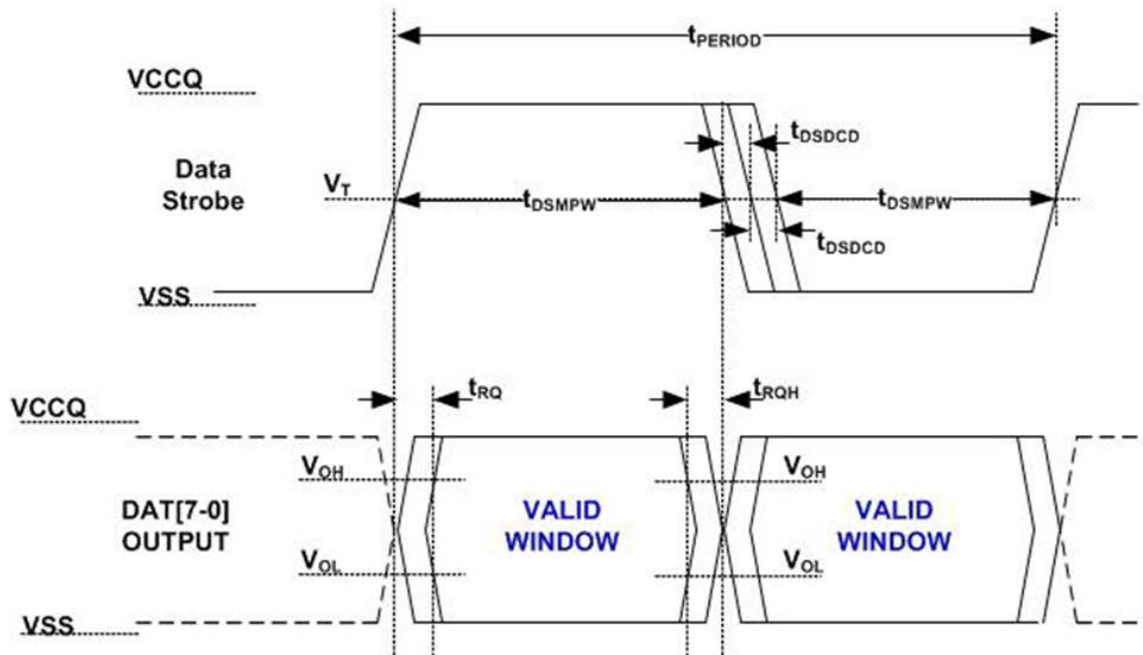


NOTE $V_T = 50\%$ of V_{CCQ} , indicates clock reference point for timing measurements.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|-------------------------------|--------------|-------|-----|------|--|
| Input CLK | | | | | |
| Cycle time data transfer mode | t_{PERIOD} | 5 | — | ns | 200 MHz(Max), between rising edges With respect to V_T |
| Slew rate | SR | 1.125 | — | V/ns | With respect to V_{IH}/V_{IL} |
| Duty cycle distortion | t_{CKDCD} | 0.0 | 0.3 | ns | Allowable deviation from an ideal 50% duty cycle. With respect to V_T Includes jitter, phase noise |
| Minimum pulse width | t_{CKMPW} | 2.2 | — | ns | With respect to V_T |
| Input DAT(referenced to CLK) | | | | | |
| Input set-up time | t_{ISUddr} | 0.4 | — | ns | $C_{DEVICE} \leq 6$ pF With respect to V_{IH}/V_{IL} |
| Input hold time | t_{IHddr} | 0.4 | — | ns | $C_{DEVICE} \leq 6$ pF With respect to V_{IH}/V_{IL} |
| Slew rate | SR | 1.125 | — | V/ns | With respect to V_{IH}/V_{IL} |

HS400 Device Output Timing

The Data Strobe is used to read data in HS400 mode. The Data Strobe is toggled only during data read or CRC status response.

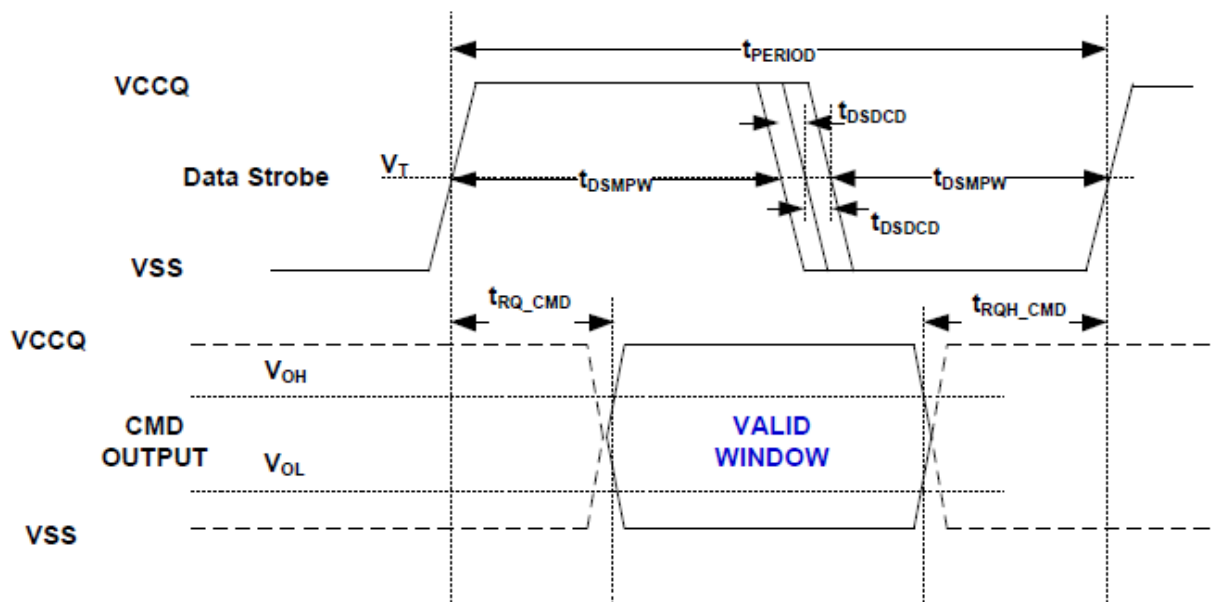


NOTE $V_T = 50\%$ of V_{CCQ} , indicates clock reference point for timing measurements.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|-------|-----|------|--|
| Data Strobe | | | | | |
| Cycle time data transfer mode | t_{PERIOD} | 5 | — | ns | 200 MHz(Max), between rising edges With respect to V_T |
| Slew rate | SR | 1.125 | — | V/ns | With respect to V_{OH}/V_{OL} and HS400 reference load |
| Duty cycle distortion | t_{DSDCD} | 0.0 | 0.2 | ns | Allowable deviation from the input CLK duty cycle distortion(t_{CKDCD}) With respect to V_T Includes jitter, phase noise |
| Minimum pulse width | t_{DSMPW} | 2.0 | — | ns | With respect to V_T |
| Output DAT(referenced to Data Strobe) | | | | | |
| Output skew | t_{RQ} | — | 0.4 | ns | With respect to V_{OH}/V_{OL} and HS400 reference load |
| Output hold skew | t_{RQH} | — | 0.4 | ns | With respect to V_{OH}/V_{OL} and HS400 reference load |
| Slew rate | SR | 1.125 | — | V/ns | With respect to V_{OH}/V_{OL} and HS400 reference load |

HS400 Device Command Output Timing

The Data Strobe is used to response of any command in HS400 mode.



Note : $V_T = 50\%$ of V_{CCQ} , indicates clock reference point for timing measurements.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|--|----------------|-------|-----|------|--|
| Data Strobe | | | | | |
| Cycle time data transfer mode | t_{PERIOD} | 5 | — | ns | 200 MHz(Max), between rising edges With respect to V_T |
| Slew rate | SR | 1.125 | — | V/ns | With respect to V_{OH}/V_{OL} and HS400 reference load |
| Duty cycle distortion | t_{DSDCD} | 0.0 | 0.2 | ns | Allowable deviation from the input CLK duty cycle distortion(t_{CKDCD}) With respect to V_T Includes jitter, phase noise |
| Minimum pulse width | t_{DSMPW} | 2.0 | — | ns | With respect to V_T |
| CMD Response (referenced to Data Strobe) | | | | | |
| Output skew(CMD) | t_{RQ_CMD} | — | 0.4 | ns | With respect to V_{OH}/V_{OL} and HS400 reference load |
| Output hold skew(CMD) | t_{RQH_CMD} | — | 0.4 | ns | With respect to V_{OH}/V_{OL} and HS400 reference load |
| Slew rate | SR | 1.125 | — | V/ns | With respect to V_{OH}/V_{OL} and HS400 reference load |

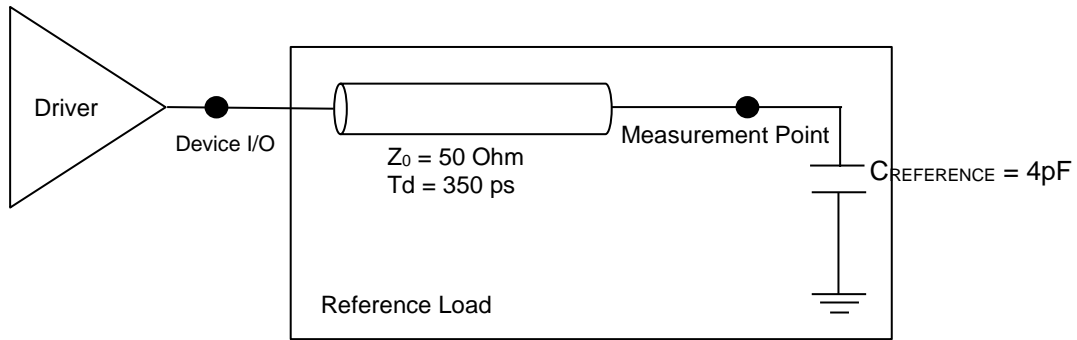


Figure 3 HS400 reference load

HS400 Capacitance

The Data Strobe is used to read data in HS400 mode. The Data Strobe is toggled only during data read or CRC status response.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit | Remark |
|--|---------------------|-----|------|--------------------|------|--------|
| Pull-up resistance for CMD | R _{CMD} | 4.7 | | 100 ⁽¹⁾ | kΩ | |
| Pull-up resistance for DAT0-7 | R _{DAT} | 10 | | 100 ⁽¹⁾ | kΩ | |
| Pull-down resistance for Data Strobe | R _{DS} | 10 | | 100 ⁽¹⁾ | kΩ | |
| Internal pull up resistance DAT1-DAT7 | R _{int} | 10 | | 150 | kΩ | |
| Single Device capacitance | C _{Device} | | | 6 | pF | |
| NOTE 1 Recommended maximum value is 50 kΩ for 1.8 V interface supply voltages. | | | | | | |

Overshoot/Undershoot Specification

| | | V _{CCQ} | Unit |
|---|-----|------------------|------|
| | | 1.70V - 1.95V | |
| Maximum peak amplitude allowed for overshoot area. (See Figure Overshoot/Undershoot definition) | Max | 0.9 | V |
| Maximum peak amplitude allowed for undershoot area. (See Figure Overshoot/Undershoot definition) | Max | 0.9 | V |
| Maximum area above V _{CCQ} (See Figure Overshoot/Undershoot definition) | Max | 1.5 | V-ns |
| Maximum area below V _{SSQ} (See Figure Overshoot/Undershoot definition) | Max | 1.5 | V-ns |

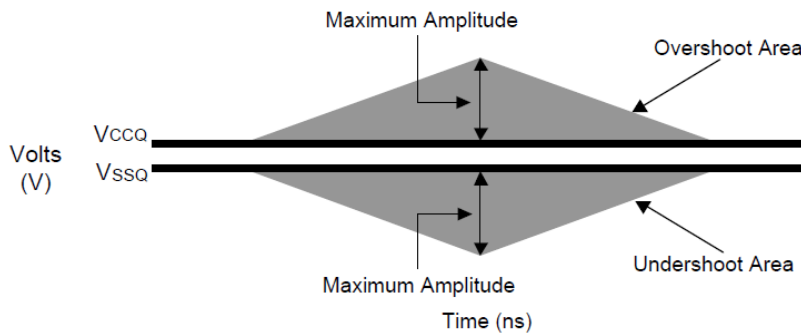
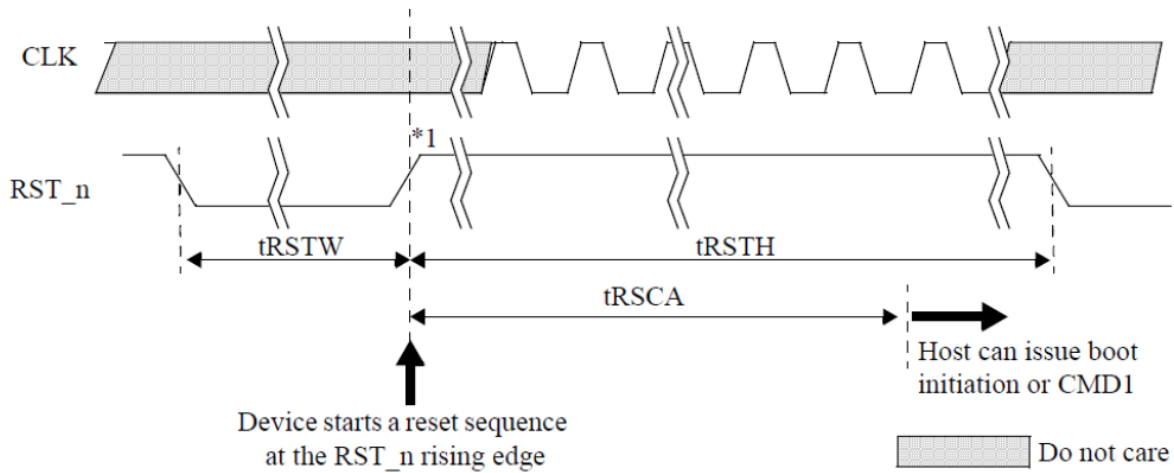


Figure 4 Overshoot/Undershoot definition

H/W Reset Operation



Note *1: Device will detect the rising edge of RST_n signal to trigger internal reset sequence

H/W Reset Timings

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Unit |
|--------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----|------|
| tRSTW | RST_n pulse width | 1 | — | μs |
| tRSCA | RST_n to Command time | 200 ⁽¹⁾ | — | μs |
| tRSTH | RST_n high period (interval time) | 1 | — | μs |

1) 74 cycles of clock signal required before issuing CMD1 or CMD0 with argument 0xFFFFFFFF

2) During the device internal initialization sequence right after power on, device may not be able to detect RST_n signal, because the device may not complete loading RST_n_ENABLE bits of the extended CSD register into the controller yet.

Power-up sequence

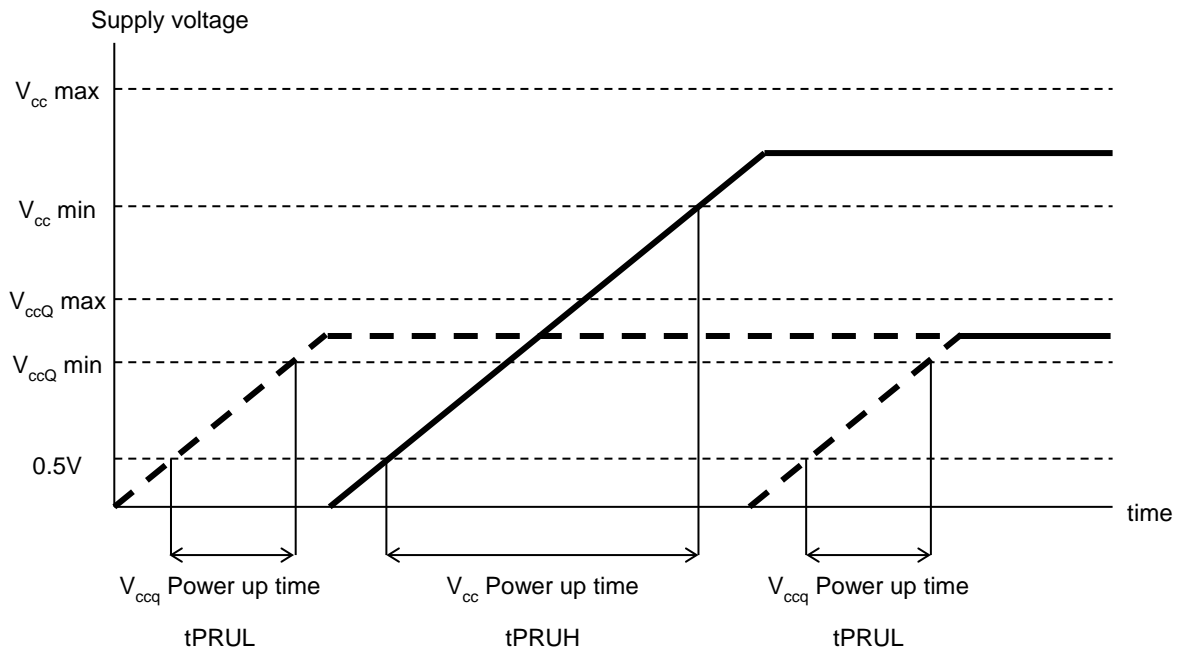


Figure 5 Power up sequence

Power-up parameter

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Remark |
|--------------------------|------------|-----------|-------|--------|
| Supply power-up for 3.3V | t_{PRUH} | 5 μ s | 35 ms | |
| Supply power-up for 1.8V | t_{PRUL} | 5 μ s | 25 ms | |

Functional restrictions

- Pre loading data size is limited to MAX_PRE_LOADING_DATA_SIZE[21-18] regardless of using Production State Awareness function.
- MAX_PRE_LOADING_DATA_SIZE[21-18] value will change when host sets Enhanced User area Partition.

Reliability Guidance

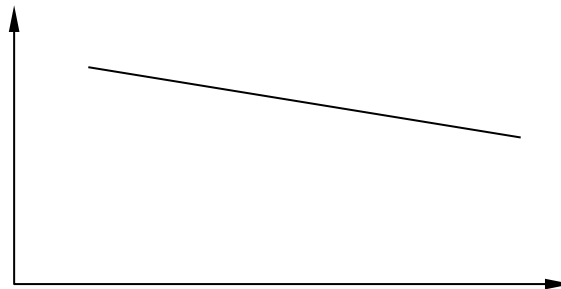
This reliability guidance is intended to notify some guidance related to using raw NAND flash. Although random bit errors may occur during use, it does not necessarily mean that a block is bad. Generally, a block should be marked as bad when a program status failure or erase status failure is detected. The other failure modes may be recovered by a block erase. ECC treatment for read data is mandatory due to the following Data Retention and Read Disturb failures.

-Write/Erase Endurance

Write/Erase endurance failures may occur in a cell, page, or block, and are detected by doing a status read after either an auto program or auto block erase operation. The cumulative bad block count will increase along with the number of write/erase cycles.

-Data Retention

The data in memory may change after a certain amount of storage time. This is due to charge loss or charge gain. After block erasure and reprogramming, the block may become usable again. Also write/erase endurance deteriorates data retention capability. The figure below shows a generic trend of relationship between write/erase endurance and data retention.

**-Read Disturb**

A read operation may disturb the data in memory. The data may change due to charge gain. Usually, bit errors occur on other pages in the block, not the page being read. After a large number of read cycles (between block erases), a tiny charge may build up and can cause a cell to be soft programmed to another state. After block erasure and reprogramming, the block may become usable again.

Considering the above failure modes, TOSHIBA recommends following usage:

- Please avoid any excessive iteration of resets and initialization sequences (Device identification mode) as far as possible after power-on, which may result in read disturb failure. The resets include hardware resets and software resets.

e.g.1) Iteration of the following command sequence, CMD0 - CMD1 ---

The assertion of CMD1 implies a count of internal read operation in Raw NAND.

CMD0: Reset command, CMD1: Send operation command

e.g.2) Iteration of the following commands, CMD30 and/or CMD31

CMD30: Send status of write protection bits, CMD31: Send type of write protection

Document Revision History

| | | |
|--------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Rev0.1 | Dec. 30 th , 2017 | - Released as preliminary revision |
| Rev1.0 | Feb. 21 st , 2018 | - Released as first revision |

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